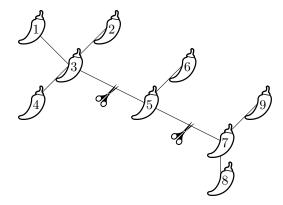
# Task Papričice

Afrika paprika! - S.V.

After a tiring morning in the garden, Mr. Malnar decided to reward himself with dried hot peppers he grew himself.

He has n peppers, connected with n-1 pieces of string, so that every two peppers are connected by some series of strings. Formally, they form a *tree*.

Mr. Malnar will partake in three lunches today. For that purpose, he will **cut two strings** to get three smaller components, one for each lunch.



The tree from the third example along with the optimal cuts.

It's bad to make any lunch too spicy, so he will choose the cuts in a way that **minimises the difference** between the size of the largest and the smallest component. You need to determine the sought minimum difference.

### Input

The first line contains an integer n, the number of peppers. The peppers are labeled by integers from 1 to n

Each of the following n-1 lines contains two integers x and y  $(1 \le x, y \le n)$  – labels of peppers that are directly connected by a piece of string.

#### Output

Print the minimum possible difference of component sizes.

### Scoring

Subtask	Points	Constraints
1	15	$3 \le n \le 200$
2	35	$3 \le n \le 2000$
3	60	3 < n < 200 000

## Examples

input	input	input
1 2 2 3 3 4 output 1	input 6 1 2 1 3 3 4 3 5 5 6 output 0	9 1 3 2 3 3 4 3 5 5 6 5 7 7 8 7 9 output

#### Clarification of examples:

In the first example, each of the possible three ways of cutting the strings yields one component with two peppers and two components with one pepper each. Therefore the answer is 2-1=1.

In the second example, it's possible to get three components of the same size by cutting the string that connects peppers 1 and 3, and also 3 and 5, so the answer is 0.

Optimal cuts for the thirds example are shown on the figure in the statement. The sizes of the components are 4, 2 and 3, and the answer is 4-2=2.