

Problem D. Special graph

Input file: `specialg.in`
Output file: `specialg.out`
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 64 megabytes

You are given a directed graph with N vertices. The special thing about the graph is that each vertex has at most *one* outgoing edge. Your task is to answer the following two types of queries:

- 1 a — delete the only edge outgoing from vertex a . It is guaranteed that the edge exists. $1 \leq a \leq N$
- 2 $a b$ — output the length of the shortest path from vertex a to vertex b , if the path exists. Otherwise output “-1” without quotes. $1 \leq a, b \leq N$

Input

First line of input contains a natural number $N \leq 10^5$ — the number of vertices in the graph.

The following line contains N integer numbers, i -th number is $next_i$ ($0 \leq next_i \leq N$), meaning that there is an edge from vertex i to vertex $next_i$. If $next_i = 0$, assume that there is no outgoing edge from vertex i .

Third line contains a natural number $M \leq 10^5$ — the number of queries.

The following M contain a query each. Queries are given in the manner described above.

Output

On the i -th line output the answer for the i -th query of type 2 $a b$.

Examples

<code>specialg.in</code>	<code>specialg.out</code>
6	4
3 3 4 5 6 4	2
6	-1
2 1 6	-1
2 1 4	-1
2 1 2	
1 3	
2 1 6	
2 1 4	
4	1
4 4 1 3	3
5	1
2 2 4	
2 2 1	
1 4	
1 2	
2 3 1	

Note

In 50% testcases $N \leq 2 \times 10^3, M \leq 2 \times 10^4$.