

LITTEHFITTEH en (US)

Liteh and Newfiteh

After Liteh's failure in cooperation with Fiteh, he decided to ask Newfiteh to help him.

Newfitch was glad to hear this but to avoid others suspicion Litch has asked Newfitch to solve a hard problem. Despite Litch's proficiency and skill in solving algorithmic problems, he needs your help.

You're given a sequence of integer numbers $a_1, a_2, ..., a_n$. You have to make all elements zero in minimum possible moves.

In each move you can choose a continuous segment of sequence elements [l, r) and decrease every element in this segment by one. $(1 \le l < r \le n+1)$

- Length of each segment must be a power of 2.
- Each segment can't be chosen more than once.
- In case there exists two **chosen** segments $[l_1, r_1)$ and $[l_2, r_2)$ with intersection, then $max(l_1 l_2, l_2 l_1)$ must be a multiple of $min(r_1 l_1, r_2 l_2)$.

Input

The first line contains integer n - the number of elements of the given sequence. The second line contains n integers as elements of the given sequence, separated by a single space.

Output

On the only line of output, print minimum possible moves needed to make all elements of the sequence zero. If it's impossible to reach this state using the explained movements, print -1.

Constraints

- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- $0 \le a_i \le 10^5 \ (1 \le i \le n)$

Subtasks

Subtasks	score	constraints
1	30	$1 \le n \le 600$
2	70	No additional constraints.

Examples

Standard input	Standard output
10	5
1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 2 1	
8	-1
2 2 2 0 1 1 2 2	