

There are  $M$  modern washbasins numbered from 1 to  $M$  from left to right in the ladies' room of an enormous shopping centre.

Currently, there are  $N$  ladies in the restroom (numbered from 1 to  $N$ ) and they've occupied the washbasins with numbers  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_N$ . Soon there will be  $M - N$  more ladies arriving (numbered from  $N + 1$  to  $M$  in the order of arrival) that will occupy all the remaining available washbasins. The ladies arriving primarily want their privacy, so each of them always chooses an available washbasin by the following procedure:

- First she finds the largest consecutive series of available washbasins. If there is more than one, she chooses the leftmost.
- After that, she occupies the middle washbasin in the chosen series. If the series is of even length, she chooses the left of the two middle washbasins.

It is safe to assume that none of the ladies will leave the washbasin in the foreseeable future.

Write a programme that will, for each of  $Q$  given integers  $B_i$ , determine the label of the washbasin that will be occupied by the lady marked with  $B_i$ .

### INPUT

The first line of input contains integers  $M$ ,  $N$  and  $Q$  – the number of washbasins, the initial number of ladies in the restroom and the number of ladies for which you need to determine which washbasin they will use.

The second line of input contains  $N$  space-separated integers, the  $i^{\text{th}}$  of those numbers is  $A_i$  – the label of the washbasin that is being used by lady  $i$ .

The third line of input contains  $Q$  space-separated integers, the  $i^{\text{th}}$  of those numbers is  $B_i$  – the label of the lady for which we want to know which washbasin she will use.

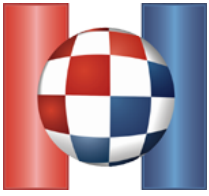
The first  $N$  ladies in the restroom haven't necessarily chosen their washbasins using the procedure described in the task.

The arrays  $A$  and  $B$  are strictly increasing. In other words, it holds  $1 \leq A_1 < A_2 < \dots < A_N \leq M$  and  $1 \leq B_1 < B_2 < \dots < B_Q \leq M$ .

### OUTPUT

Output  $Q$  lines. The  $i^{\text{th}}$  line must contain the label of the washbasin that will be used by the lady labeled  $B_i$ .

**Please note:** We recommend that you use a 64-bit integer data type (`int64` in Pascal, `long long` in C/C++).



## SCORING

subtask	subscore	constraints
1	19	$1 \leq M \leq 300\,000$
2	22	$1 \leq M \leq 10^{14}, B_Q \leq 300\,000$
3	59	$1 \leq M \leq 10^{14}$

In all subtasks, it will hold  $1 \leq Q \leq 10^5$ ,  $N \leq M$  and  $1 \leq N \leq 10^5$ .

## SAMPLE TESTS

<b>input</b> 7 1 4 4 2 3 4 5  <b>output</b> 2 6 1 3	<b>input</b> 10 2 4 2 8 1 3 5 8  <b>output</b> 2 5 6 4
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**Clarification of the second example:** The first two ladies occupy the washbasins 2 and 8 (respectively). The remaining ladies occupy the washbasins 5, 3, 6, 9, 1, 4, 7 and 10, respectively.