



## Tax Evasion

*Just, Inc.* is a huge international company that owns  $N$  bank accounts in various countries. The accounts are linked by  $N - 1$  direct channels such that it is possible to transfer money from any account to any other account either directly or through intermediate accounts.

If two accounts are linked by a direct channel, a transfer takes an evening to complete. If there is no direct channel, the transfer will involve intermediate accounts and thus it will take multiple days for funds to reach their destination.



*External Revenue Service (ERS)* suspects that *Just* is evading taxes, therefore it plans to investigate all the accounts that belong to the company. The investigation will be performed as follows:

1. On the morning of the first day, *ERS* will investigate the account No. 1:
  - If there is 1 gigadollar in the account, *Just* will immediately have to pay taxes.
  - If there are 2 or more gigadollars, the CEO will be charged with forgery and imprisoned. There is no way *Just* would allow for this to happen.
  - If the account is empty, *Just* will not yet have to pay taxes after the investigation of this account.
2. On the evening of the first day, *Just* will send a non-negative integer amount of gigadollars through each of the channels in either direction. However, *Just* cannot transfer money to or from the account which was investigated earlier on the same day (i.e. No. 1).
3. On the morning of the second day, *ERS* will investigate one of the accounts that is linked via a direct channel with the previously investigated account – No. 1. The account is processed in the same way as described above. *Just* has no idea as to which account *ERS* will choose.
4. On the evening of the second day, *Just* will make new transfers. As before, the account which was just investigated cannot be used.
5. The investigations of accounts will continue on the third and further days until *ERS* decides that it has performed enough investigations.

*Just* is well aware of the investigation procedure. It plans on transferring money between accounts every day in such a way that the money would not be detected for as long as possible and that the company would never be charged with forgery. However, *Just* does not know which accounts *ERS* will be choosing and how many investigations will take place, so it must prepare for the **worst possible scenario**. In other words, *Just* will transfer money in such a way that no matter what *ERS* does, the company will not be charged with forgery and will postpone paying taxes the first time as far as possible.



**Task.** On the morning of the first day there is 1 gigadollar in  $M$  different accounts. The rest of the accounts are empty.

Write a program that finds the earliest day on which *Just* will have to pay taxes for the first time, assuming it transfer money between accounts in an optimal way.

**Input.** The first line contains two integers  $N$  (number of accounts) and  $M$  (number of accounts that contain 1 gigadollar at the beginning).

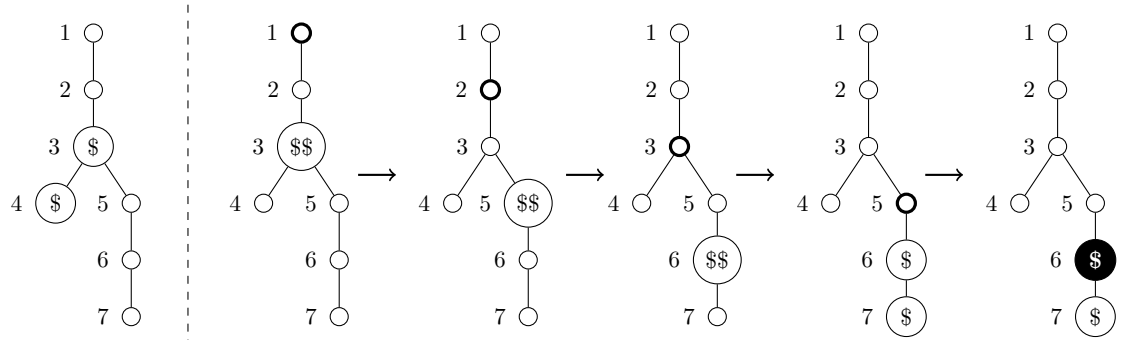
The next  $N - 1$  lines contain integers  $s_1, s_2, \dots, s_{N-1}$  (one integer per line).  $s_i$  ( $1 \leq s_i \leq i$ ) denotes that there is a direct channel between accounts  $(i + 1)$  and  $s_i$ .

The last line contains  $M$  distinct integers – the list of account numbers that have one gigadollar at the beginning.

**Output.** Output one integer – the number of day when *Just* will have to pay the taxes for the first time.

### Examples.

Input	Output	Comment
7 2 1 2 3 3 5 6 3 4	5	The worst case is illustrated in the first picture. If, however, on the fourth evening <i>Just</i> had sent two gigadollars to the account No. 7, on the fifth morning <i>ERS</i> would have found the sixth account empty, but on the sixth day would have found an account with two gigadollars and <i>Just</i> would have been charged with forgery.



The first morning

<b>1st evening</b>	<b>2nd evening</b>	<b>3rd evening</b>	<b>4th evening</b>	<b>5th morning</b>
<i>ERS</i> checked the account No. 1.	<i>ERS</i> checked the account No. 2.	<i>ERS</i> checked the account No. 3.	<i>ERS</i> checked the account No. 5.	<i>ERS</i> checked the account No. 6 and found one gigadollar there.
<i>Just</i> transferred 1 gigadollar from account No. 4 to the account No. 3.	<i>Just</i> transferred two gigadollars from the account No. 5 to the account No. 3.	<i>Just</i> transferred two gigadollars from the account No. 5 to the account No. 6.	<i>Just</i> transferred one gigadollar from the account No. 6 to the account No. 7.	

Figure 1 *Illustration of the first example*

Input	Output	Comment
11 3 1 2 3 4 3 6 7 8 9 10 3 4 5	5	<p>If <i>Just</i> sent one gigadollar from the account No. 5 to the account No. 3, money would reach the destination account only in the evening of the second day. However, on the third morning <i>ERS</i> would check the account No. 3 and find this money, so <i>Just</i> will leave one gigadollar in the account No. 5, and <i>ERS</i> will find it on the morning of the fifth day.</p>



Input	Output	Comment
4 3 1 2 3 2 3 4	2	If <i>Just</i> tried to postpone taxes on the second morning, it will be charged with forgery later on (look at Figure 2).

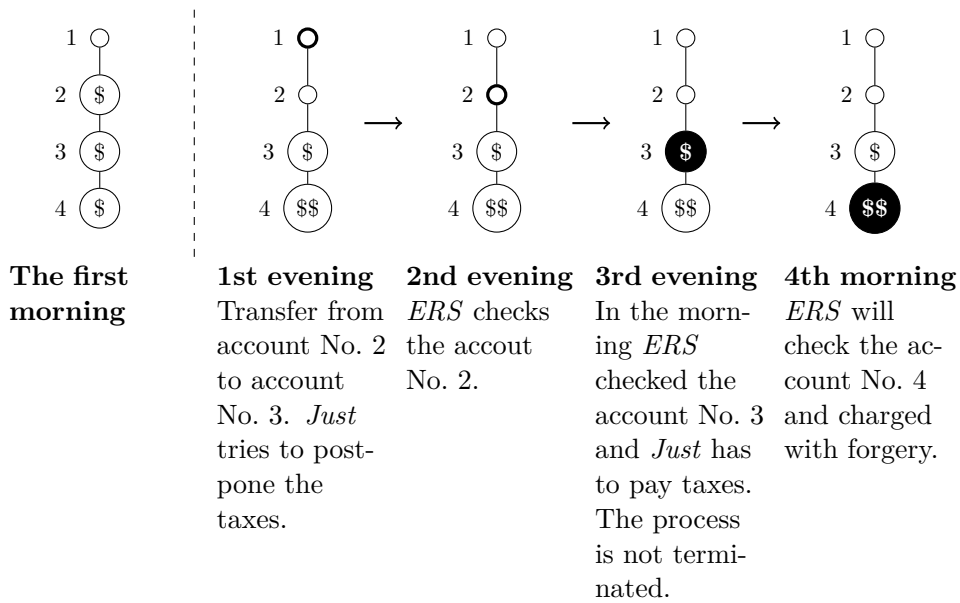


Figure 2 *Illustration of the third example. Bad Just strategy.*

**Subtasks.** For all tests:  $1 \leq N \leq 200\,000$ ,  $1 \leq M \leq N$ .

No.	Points	Additional constraints
1	10	$s_i = i$
2	22	$M = 1$
3	39	$N \leq 5\,000$
4	29	No additional constraints